## AGRONOMY PROFILE

**BREVANT** 

Starter Fertilizer for Corn

**OVERVIEW.** Demand for higher grain yields is reinforcing the importance of healthy, robust corn crops. Using a starter fertilizer can increase early plant growth, nutrient uptake and yield potential, as well as improve overall plant health.

## WHAT YOU SHOULD KNOW.

- Starter fertilizer is a concentration of fertilizer placed near the corn root zone at
  planting. A starter fertilizer increases the nutrient source for the newly formed root
  system and helps with any adverse conditions that may arise soon after planting.
- There are three methods for application, depending on soil type and amount of fertilizer applied: two-by-two, surface dribble and "pop-up."
- Starter fertilizer application on cool, wet soils will supply nitrogen and
  phosphorus to the plants, producing healthier plants, vigorous root systems,
  faster growth, quicker canopy closure and higher yields. A starter fertilizer
  program also can be beneficial on soils with a pH below 6 where aluminum and
  iron are tying up phosphorus.
- A starter fertilizer should have nitrogen and phosphorus rates blended for your specific needs.

## **ACTION STEPS.**

- 1. Determine the best application type:
  - Two-by-two placement is the most common and requires precision
    placement and specialized equipment. Starter fertilizer is applied 2 inches to
    the side and 2 inches below the seed depth. This below-ground placement
    reduces the likelihood of runoff.
  - Surface dribble delivers a stream of fertilizer on top of the surface 2 inches to one side of the corn row and requires less equipment expense.
  - In-furrow ("pop-up") placement requires basic equipment and is best used in areas with high nutrient levels where lower fertility rates are needed.
- 2. Be aware of timing, soil temperature and type: Apply starter fertilizer in early spring, when the soil temperature is not warm enough to mineralize the organic matter for critical nutrients like nitrogen and phosphorus.



Nitrogen-deficient corn is visibly lighter than healthy corn seedlings.

## 30 SECOND SUMMARY

- Starter fertilizer can help get your corn off to a healthy, uniform start to maximize yields.
- There are different starter fertilizer application methods to choose from, depending on your soil situation.
- To maximize results, use a starter fertilizer program that fits your farming practices and equipment.

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